

THE DAILY TELEGRAM

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In Advance

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1912.

An Evening Echo.

When a man makes any kind of success, however small, he finds that his friends resolve themselves into three classes. The first class turn sullen and show their envy in many mean ways. The second class wax more friendly than ever and come showering their attentions. The third class show a reasonable pleasure at your success and remain just as they were before. God bless the last kind! God mend the second! and God pity the first!

ROBERT NEILSON STEPHEN.

Theodore's Platform.

Of the leading newspapers of the country, both Democratic and Republican, regard Colonel Roosevelt's personally conducted platform as a curious jumble of vague promises with no proposed remedies for the problems touched, save those he has filched from the Republican party platform and his own indefinite fulminations on the judiciary, which are generally held to be subversive of constitutional government. A few excerpts from these opinions will prove interesting:

Baltimore Sun: If we take out of Col. Roosevelt's platform the things to which the other parties are pledged, the only plank he has left to stand on that is entirely his own is his judicial plank, the more doubtful of all his propositions. On the colonel's own showing it must seem to the impartial mind that the only real reason for a new party is the colonel himself. His platform and his party would collapse under any other man.

Washington Star: Mr. Roosevelt's address—which is at once a confession of faith and an order to the Chicago convention—is a farago of populism, socialism and chaos. Appealing to the discontented, and hoping their numbers may increase, he promises all good things to all good men. He wants the farmers to get top prices for their products, and the consumers bottom prices for what passes down their throats. How may this be done? For the present that is Mr. Roosevelt's secret. Elect him president and he will show you.

Philadelphia Press: His desire to weaken the authority of the courts and to make the constitution easy of amendment finds expression in Mr. Roosevelt's speech. He would break down restraints that have given stability to our government and enabled it to endure beyond the life of other republics. Much that he demands can only be granted by state laws, not national, and a great deal that he claims as his own peculiar views are quite as cordially upheld by those who are opposed to him, particularly by President Taft.

New York Sun: Mr. Roosevelt's bid for the presidency is couched in familiar Rooseveltian and contains his deepest alterable convictions up to the time of its composition. It is a manifesto of revolution. It is a program of wild and dangerous changes. It proposes popular nullification of the constitution. It proposes state socialism. Such is its naked hideousness is Mr. Roosevelt's plan to nullify the constitution, to degrade the courts, to substitute the passion of the moment for the steady security of the organic law. This is regression; a surrender of hard won independence.

New York World: A political party intrusted with government which undertook to translate the Roosevelt speech into legislation would soon end in an insane asylum. It could be held in control only by a straitjacket. In justice to Mr. Roosevelt's intelligence, it should be said that this speech was not intended as a program of government, it was intended as a cunning, demagogic bid for votes.

If Mr. Roosevelt were president again he would not undertake to carry out this speech in the form of legislation or administration. He would undertake only enough of it to keep the country seething with agitation and his own name on the front page of the newspapers every morning.

Ohio State Journal: On what probably will prove to be the two leading issues of this campaign, Col. Roosevelt is no more progressive than President Taft, whom he so vigorously derides as a hopeless reactionary. The confession of faith, as he calls it, helps not at all toward clarifying the situation as it relates to the trusts and the tariff.

Albany Journal: Specifically, the Roosevelt doctrine means that if a law should be enacted taking from citizens of the United States rights guaranteed by the constitution, when the courts would therefore decide it to be invalid, it should be in the power of a temporary majority to vote that nevertheless that law should be valid and in force. Thus conceivably, the freedom of worship, the freedom of speech, the right of the people to be secure from unreasonable searches and seizures, their right to bear arms, their right of trial by jury, or any other of the guarantees of that part of the constitution which is called the bill of rights, might be taken away if a temporary majority should insist upon such action for its effect upon a minority against which hostile sentiment might be directed.

Philadelphia Record: As typical sentences as there is in Mr. Roosevelt's tremendously long speech to his Chicago convention is the following: "The Progressive proposal is definite. We promise adequate control of all big business and the stern repression of the evils connected with big business, and this promise we can absolutely keep."

Yet there is nothing less definite or more easy than a promise of an end to be attained. Of the means to attain it Mr. Roosevelt says nothing, except that he would keep the Sherman law and make additions to it if which he gives no indication, and supplement it by a commission which shall use the presidential discretion in allowing and forbidding deals by corporations. So the only definite thing in his whole program on trusts is to make him president and give him plenary powers over the business of the country.

Philadelphia Inquirer: It is a wonderful platform, constructed upon the principles of a crazy quilt, a dazzling thing of threads and patches. Architect Roosevelt has drawn upon every party for his planks. He has filched from the Socialists, from the Populists, from the anarchists, from the Republicans, even from President Taft himself. He has added to his filchings the flimsy material of which Oyster Bay nightmares are made.

New York Evening Post: He turns from class to class, and section of the country after section, offering to each a kind of millennial happiness if it will only confide in his wisdom. But when you ask for distinct proposals you get only a fog-bank of words. Mr. Roosevelt talks emphatically of making all his political pledges take on the nature of a solemn "contract" with the people, but if anybody sought to reduce them to precise writing he would find them all escaping in vapor.

Hatfield's Party Loyalty.

Dr. H. D. Hatfield's determination to remain loyal to the Republican party, regardless of the action of the Bull Mooseers calls forth the following comment from the Pittsburgh Gazette-Times:

Dr. Hatfield, who was chosen as the Republican nominee for governor of West Virginia several months ago by a majority of nearly 40,000, is evidently a man of principle and courage. Though he favored the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt at Chicago in June he is a Republican and will be true to the party and its nominees. He is therefore for Taft and Sherman. Of the colonel Dr. Hatfield says: "He has left the party. I am no more his supporter. My faith and affiliation are with the Republican party."

In the primary contest Dr. Hatfield, who is president of the State Senate, was supported by both Taft and Roosevelt followers. He is regarded as the most popular Republican in West Virginia, and unless the third party movement should achieve greater strength than it has shown thus far in that state he is confident that he will be elected.

while Chairman Hillies by no means despairs of winning the electoral vote for Mr. Taft. There are peculiar reasons why West Virginia should remain faithful to the Republican party. That state has enjoyed remarkable development and prosperity through the application of Republican economic policies, and its future growth rests directly upon the continuance of the protective system. Even Bull Moose partisans can not dispute this fact, especially as they also profess to believe in protection. Since by no possibility can Colonel Roosevelt hope to be elected in a three-cornered contest it follows that support of his candidacy by misguided Republicans must operate to the advantage of Governor Wilson, the Democratic nominee, who is pledged by his platform to immediate revision of the tariff in harmony with the Bryan scheme of duties for revenue only. West Virginia has not forgotten what its industries and prospects suffered from the blight of the Wilson bill passed through Congress by one of its own Democratic representatives during the Cleveland days, and if Dr. Hatfield is wise in his generation he will remind his people of their experience and call upon them to defend themselves and their workmen in the only effective way.

It is a hopeful sign to have Dr. Hatfield take his stand for the party which has done so much for his state. Hesitating Republicans meanwhile should understand that the Democrats are not at all harmonious with Speaker Clark sulking. William Randolph Hearst denouncing the Baltimore platform as a sham and conservatives in New York disgruntled, Wilson is not yet elected, by a long shot.

A Cowardly Evasion.

Ostrich-like, the Clarksburg Exponent tries to hide from its admission that a high tariff protects the American laboring man from the competition of European labor, by attacking the Telegram for not quoting an entire sentence from the Exponent in which the admission was made.

This sentence in full and its preceding one were as follows: "High tariff does not protect the American working man. True, it protects him from competition with the labor of Europe, but it does not protect him from the almost unbelievable greed and avarice of the American trust magnate."

Two distinct propositions are herein set forth: one that a high tariff protects the American working man and the other that it does not protect him from the greed of the trust magnate. The Telegram answer the first proposition. Why, in the name of common sense, should the Telegram be obliged to reprint that part of the sentence referring to the trust magnate when it commented upon the European labor competition? The reproduction of the last part of the Exponent's sentence does not alter one whit nor iota that newspaper's admission that the high tariff protects the American working man from the labor of Europe.

Why did not the Exponent refer to what the Telegram said about the protection of the American laboring man from the pauper labor of Europe? Instead of doing so, it tried to hide behind the flimsy excuse of an incomplete quotation in a cowardly and sneaking manner. That, however, is characteristic of the hypocritical cheat and it is probably useless to try to make it face its own music.

Before the Democratic state committee came to the conclusion that it would be useless to make George I. Neal its chairman, the Exponent informed its readers that Neal was the choice of William R. Thompson, nominee for governor, and that the state committee would select him chairman. As that committee did not do so, the Exponent dwelt heavily on the correctness of the information it gave its readers. Strikingly reliable was the knowledge it imparted.

SIGNS THE BILL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 10.—President Taft has signed the bill which would enable settlers on reclamation projects to obtain patent and water right certificates, and therefore, marketable title to property, in three years instead of ten years, as under the old law.

BRIDGEPORT

BRIDGEPORT, Aug. 10.—Fred Harrison, the 13-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Martin, was painfully, if not fatally, burned yesterday. The mother, in preparation of the child's food, had set a bowl of boiling water on the kitchen table and stepped to the refrigerator when the little one, in some manner, managed to pull the bowl over and cover itself with the contents. Its neck and breast are badly burned.

Mr. Whitlock, general manager of the National Carbon Works at Cleveland, O., Mrs. Whitlock and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Peshak motored to Fairmont Friday on a pleasure trip. Donley Taylor has returned from a business trip to Sutton. Miss Lena Williams is visiting Mrs. George Norris of Weston.

Mr. and Mrs. George Camp, Mrs. John Williams, and Mrs. A. J. Williams have returned from Salem where they attended the ceremonies on the laying of the corner stone of the Baptist church at that place.

Mrs. A. J. Wilkinson and daughter, Geneva, of Huntington, are visiting Mr. Wilkinson's mother, Mrs. Melsena Wilkinson.

T. L. Barnes, of Meadowbrook, visited his daughter, Mrs. Albert Saurborne, recently.



A retailer, the other day, said to another: "How in the name of common sense do you handle all your work with but one bookkeeper?"

"I have a Burroughs," was the reply. "For a long time I thought I had no use for it, but now I know I paid for one two years before I actually got it."

Nearly 100,000 retailers are paying for one now, but they haven't the machines. Let us prove it—no cost or obligation.

Burroughs Adding Machine Company,
318 Oak Hall Building,
CLARKSBURG, W. VA.

Bell Phone No. 494-L

FOR SALE

Lots on Locust Street and Summit Court from \$1,000 up
Pavement, sewer water and gas.

On the Easy Payment Plan

Northview, Reynolds Addition, New Fair Ground, Stansbury Addition, Grasselli and Industrial.

On Hammond and Stealey Heights, four-room cottages, bath, back and front porches, slate roof, hardwood finish; twenty-five dollars per month, no interest and no down payment.

On South Second St., 11-room house, hardwood finish, cabinet mantels, sliding door, slate roof, basement and good well water.

H. J. WHITE,
Real Estate Broker

Rooms 51 and 53
JACOBS' BUILDING

THE WATTS-LAMBERD CO.

We Give "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps with Cash Purchases

During August Store Closes at noon
on Fridays, other days at 5:30 p. m. excepting
Saturdays.

After Supper Specials
Saturday, Aug. 10

12½c Women's Summer Vests 3 for 25c	\$1.50 Mercerized Napkins . . . 98c Doz.
25c and 35c Taffeta Ribbons . . . 15c Yd	18c Children's Hose . . . 2 Pairs 25c
\$1.00 Renaissance Dresser Scarfs 49c	85c Salem Sheets . . . 55c
\$1.00 Two-Yard Wide Mercerized Table Damask . . . 49c Yd	50c Lace Top Corset Covers . . . 25c
	15c Huck Towels . . . 6 for 49c

Second Week of The August Hour Sale Begins Monday, August 12th.

Special Bargains every Hour in The Day.

MONDAY, AUGUST 12th

8 to 9 10c and 12½c Checked White Goods, 7c Very suitable for Children's Dresses.	12 to 1 One-Third Off the Price of Any Silk Underwear in Stock.
9 to 10 18c Plain White Huck Towels, 6 for 59c. Part linen, very absorbent.	1 to 2 \$1.00 Long Lawn Kimonos, 59c. Floral designs, well made.
10 to 11 One-Third Off the Price of Any Piece of Neckwear in Stock.	2 to 3 \$34.50 Wilton Bugs, \$27.50 Size 9x12, splendid quality.
11 to 12 65c Wool Ingrain Carpets, 49c Yard. All-wool Filling, made, laid, lined.	3 to 4 15c White Curtain Swisses, 9½c Yard. Good quality, attractive designs.
4 to 5:30 \$1 and \$1.50 Fancy Silks, 57c Taffetas and Messalines	

WOMAN IS DEPORTED.

Myrtle Gordon, who was convicted of drunkenness a few days ago in police court, was again convicted of a like offense at this morning's session of the court and in default of paying a fine she was sent out of the city by Mayor Frank R. Moore, who presided at the session.

SCHOLASTICS PLAY MANNINGTON.

The Scholastic baseball team will go to Mannington Sunday where it will play the first independent team of that place a game. The Scholastics have a fast team and should make it interesting to the Mannington boys.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Frank C. Garrett and Bernadine V. Muzzy and Frank Secundo and Rosa Amadio.

UNION SERVICE.

The Rev. O. Dale King will preach at the union service of Protestant churches in the court house yard tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—September wheat closed 92 3-8, corn 65 5-8, oats 31 3-4.

WILL PREACH.

The Rev. Lewis E. Peters will preach in a Northview church tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock.

B. H. Hiner is here from Frank-

TWO REELS

Will Be Used at the Star Theater Picturing a Very Pretty Love Story.

Florence Lawrence in a two-reel feature picture will be seen Monday at the Star theater accompanied by Ough Moore. These two were the making of the Biograph Company and they have signed a contract with the Victor Company and they make their first appearance with that company in "Not Like Other Girls." The pictures portray a pretty love story with more or less tragedy attached. Everything about the pictures is high class and theater goers will certainly enjoy it.

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS—New book telling all about "Roosevelt and the Progressive Party," enormous demand; complete book ready; one sample free to every agent; highest commission or salary. Write immediately for free outfit. International Bible House, Perry Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

For soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, there is nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment also relieves rheumatic pains. For sale by all dealers.

"Great Leaders and National Issues of 1912," which is given free with a year's subscription to the Telegram is a handsomely bound book, measuring 6½x9 inches, and containing over three hundred and fifty pages. First delivery will be made at the Telegram office August 15.

CUT THIS OUT

AUGUST 10, 1912

"Great Leaders and National Issues of 1912"

COUPON

The Daily Telegram

SEE ANNOUNCEMENT ON PAGE 3

4 PER CENT

R. T. LOWNDES, President.

START A SAVINGS ACCOUNT WITH THIS BANK AND WATCH IT GROW

Many good things are said about our methods of conducting this bank. All who avail themselves of our services are well pleased and they will tell you so. This is exclusively a Savings Bank—a bank for the masses—we welcome the small accounts as gladly as we do the larger ones

ALL ACCOUNTS AT THIS BANK DRAW INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 4 PER CENT

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GEO. L. DUNCAN, Sec. and Treas.

4 PER CENT